Resolve to Save Lives

Partnering with Countries to Scale Up Cardiovascular Disease Prevention

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When does

$$50 + 30 + 0 = 100$$
?

Globally, we can save 100 million lives over the next 30 years



Increase global control of blood pressure from 14% to

50%



Reduce global dietary sodium intake by

30%

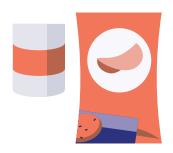


Eliminate artificial trans fats

0%

Cardiovascular Health

A Global Movement Gains Momentum



REPLACE trans fat

Eliminate toxic contaminant from global food supply



Hypertension treatment

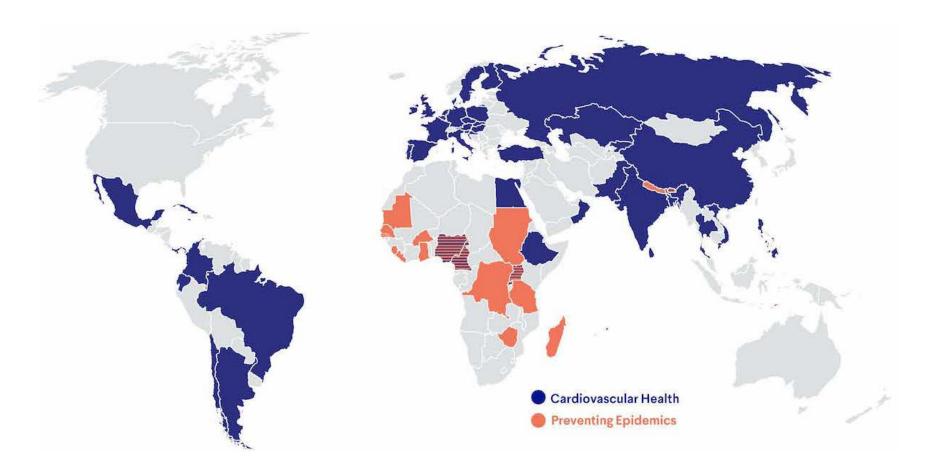
New programs in India, China, Thailand, Bangladesh, Vietnam, many Latin American countries



Sodium reduction

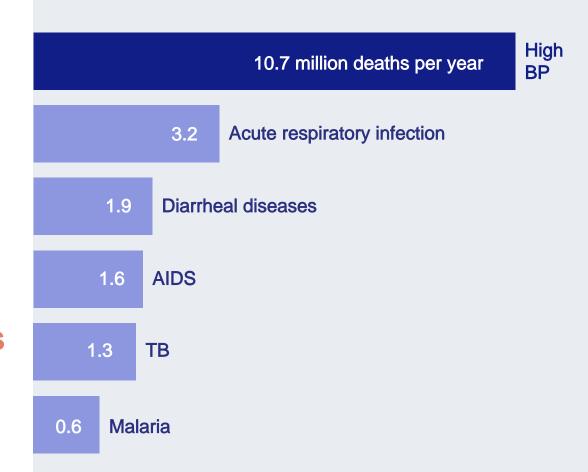
Best practices from Chile, South Korea, United Kingdom

Resolve to Save Lives' Global Activities



Hypertension is the leading risk factor for preventable deaths worldwide.

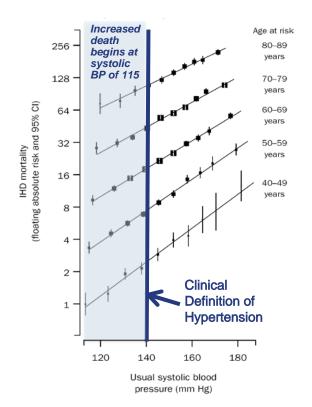
It kills more than any other condition and more than all infectious diseases combined.



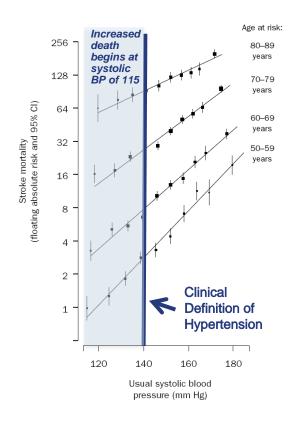
For every 20 mm Hg increase in systolic blood pressure, stroke and heart disease mortality doubles

Beginning at systolic BP of 115!

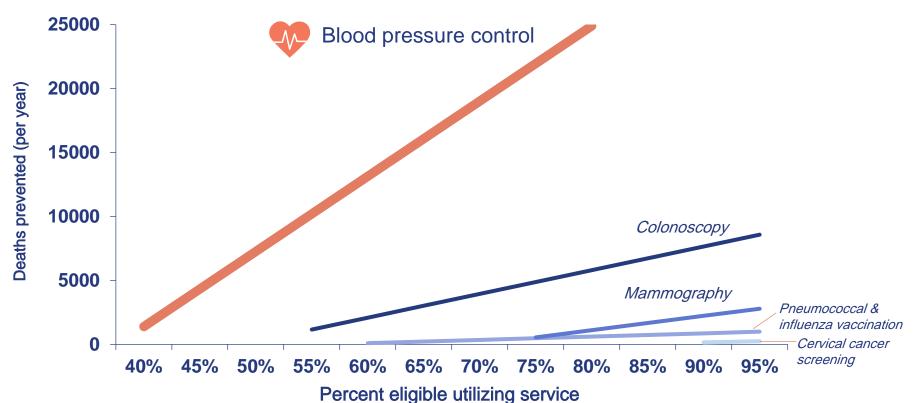
Ischemic Heart Disease mortality



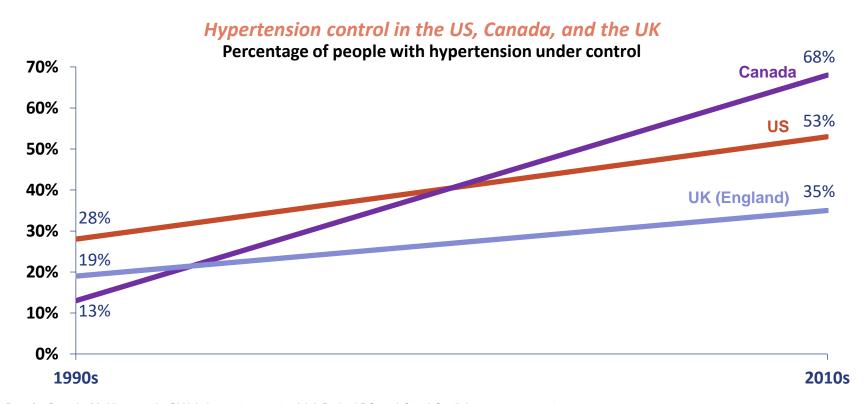
Stroke Mortality



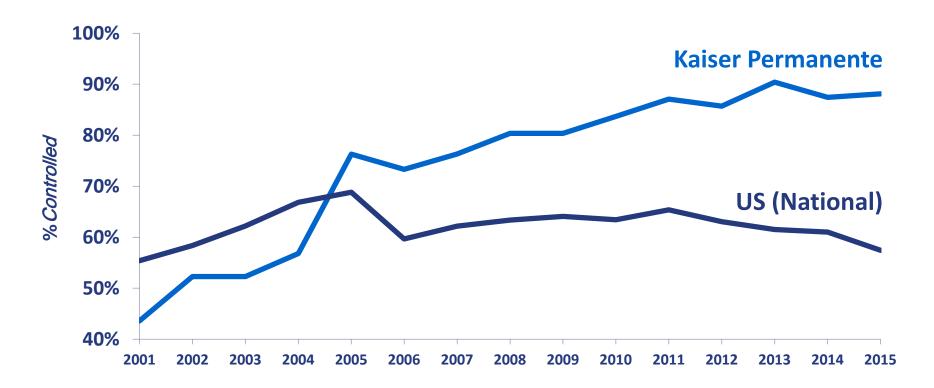
Of All Adult Primary Care Interventions, Improvement in Hypertension Control Can Save the Most Lives



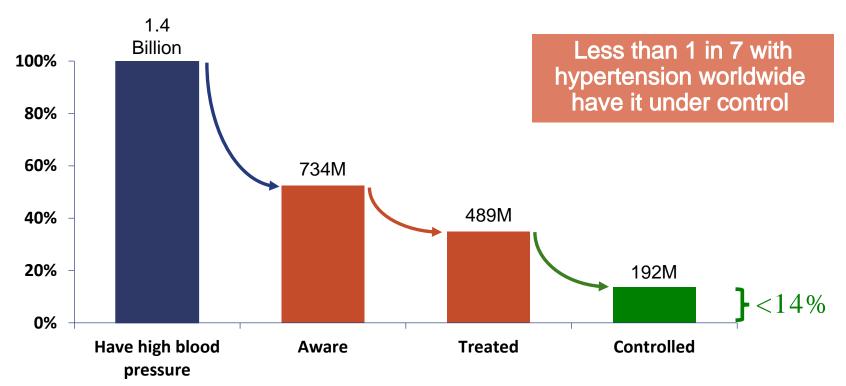
Some Countries Do Better than Others



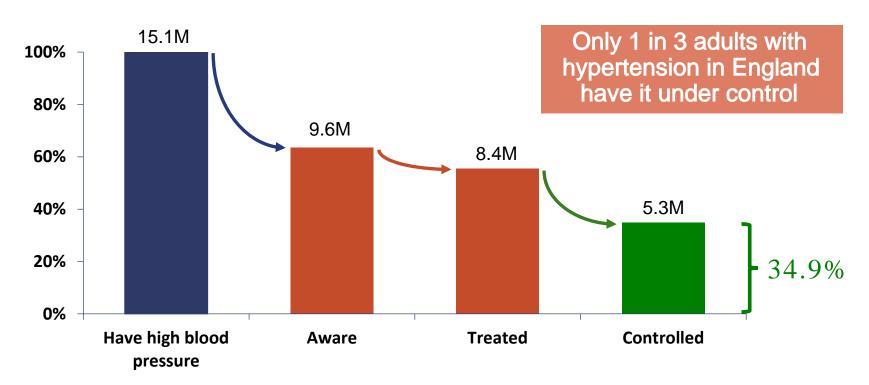
Some Health Systems Do Better than Their Countries



Most People With Hypertension Globally Do Not Have It Under Control



3 in 10 of England's Adults Have Hypertension – And 5 Million People with Hypertension are Hiding in Plain Sight





Hurdles to Blood Pressure Control

DIAGNOSIS

Screening not done Diagnosis not made Low attendance Inaccurate measurement

TREATMENT

No protocol

Drug shortages

Therapeutic inertia Private sector

Patient flow

CONTINUITY OF CARE

No reminders

No recall system

Medications not affordable

No information system

Low adherence

Effective Hypertension Care As Pathfinder for Universal Health Coverage



Simple, Practical Protocol

Manage other chronic conditions; improve evidencebased care; reduce costs



Medication and Equipment Supply

Improve purchasing and supply chain management



Team-Based Care

Applicable to wide range of chronic health conditions



Patient -Centered Services

Improve patient support; access to and confidence in primary care; reduce reliance on hospital care; reduce financial and other barriers



Information Systems

Create feedback loops applicable to other conditions; strengthen data-driven culture of accountability and quality improvement

Treatment Protocols Improve Outcomes

- Precise protocols to establish standard treatment of patients
- Drug- and dose-specific, with schedule for titration or addition of medications if blood pressure not controlled
- Eases logistics, training, task-sharing, financing, supervision, evaluation, and future changes
- >15 consensus conferences, >10 countries common themes

Puniab

Hypertension Protocol

Measure blood pressure of all adults over 18 years

High BP: SBP ≥ 140 or DBP ≥ 90 mmHg

- - Prescribe Amlodipine 5mg
- After 30 days* measure BP again. If still high: Increase to Amlodipine 10mg
- After 30 days* measure BP again. If still high: Add Telmisartan 40mg
- After 30 days measure BP again. If still high: Increase to Telmisartan 80mg
- After 30 days* measure BP again. If still high: Add Chlorthalidone 12.5mg**
- After 30 days measure BP again. If still high: Increase to Chlorthalidone 25mg
- After 30 days measure BP again. If still high: Check if the patient has been taking

refer to a specialist.

medications regularly and correctly. If yes,

- * If SBP ≥ 180 or DBP ≥ 110, refer patient to a specialist after starting
- If SBP 160-179 or DBP 100-109, start treatment on the same day. If SBP 140-159 or DBP 90-99, check on a different day and if still
- Dose of anti-hypertension medications can be titrated at 15 days
- ** Hydrochlorothiazide can be used if Chlorthalidone is not available (25 mg starting dose, 50 mg intensification dose).

Pregnant women and women who may

- ▲ DO NOT give Telmisartan or Chlorthalidone.
- Statins, ACE inhibitors, angiotensin receptor blockers (ARBs), and thiazide/thiazide-like diuretics should not be given to pregnant women or to women of childbearing age not on effective contraception
- Calcium channel blocker (CCB) can be used. If not controlled with intensification dose, refer to a specialist.

Diabetic patients

- Treat diabetes according to protocol.
- Aim for a BP target of < 140/90 mmHg.

Heart attack in last 3 years

- Add beta blocker to Amlodipine with initial treatment.

Heart attack or stroke, ever

- Begin low-dose aspirin (75mg) and statin.

People with high CVD risk

- Consider aspirin and statin.
- Chronic kidney disease
- ACEI or ARB preferred if close clinical and biochemical monitoring is possible.

Lifestyle advice for all patients









2.5 hr/week under 1 tsp/day

Fat 5 servions of fruits and Reduce weight if overweight. vegetables per day. Reduce fat intake by changing how Avoid papads, chips, chutneys, dips, and pickles. Use healthy oils: E.g. sunflower, mustard, or

saturated fats.

Limit consumption of foods containing high amounts of

- Remove the fatty part of meat Use vegetable oil - Boil, steam, or bake instead of fry - Limit reuse of oil for frying Avoid processed foods containing

Avoid added sugar.

India Hypertension Management Initiative: Punjab 1.00-5-15

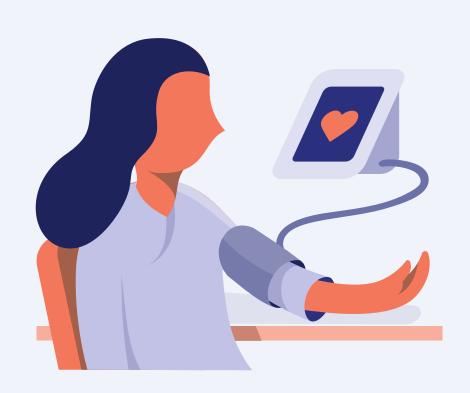


Primary health care most needed, most neglected



Providing effective hypertension treatment services requires and facilitates establishment of effective primary health care systems

Universal health coverage must be more than a slogan



Excessive Salt Increases Blood Pressure

99% of adults worldwide are above the WHO recommendation of 5g of salt per day

1.6 MILLION Lives could be saved each year by reducing sodium intake by 30%

Sodium Reduction



Chile model

Ministry of Health



Low sodium salts, industry engagement



Food-specific targets as in United Kingdom



Government buying standards



Educational approaches

Intervention Strategies Depend on the Sources of Salt



PACKAGED FOOD

- Front-of-pack warnings
- Reformulation by industry



AWAY-FROM-HOME FOOD

- Food procurement policies
- Interventions that address restaurants and vendors



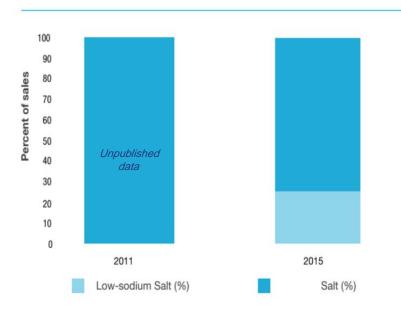
HOME

- Behavior change campaigns
- Promotion of low-sodium salt substitutes

Salt Substitutes

- Salt substitutes reduce blood pressure
 –5.5 mmHg Systolic BP / 3 mmHg Diastolic BP
- Subsidies work
 - +30% increase in use compared with promotion alone
- Strong evidence of benefit
 - Kitchens in retirement home randomized to either regular sodium chloride or 50/50 potassium chloride/sodium chloride
 - Potassium salt group
 - 41% less likely to die of CVD
 - Spent less on health care

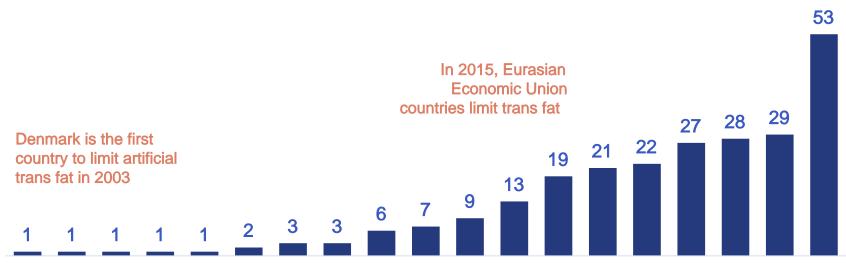
Sales of low-sodium salt increased during Shandong Province Initiative



Global Trans Fat Elimination Is Gaining Momentum

At this pace, global elimination is achievable by 2023

In 2021, trans fat limits go into effect in the European Union



2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021

Public Food Procurement Policies for a Healthy Diet

Require healthy nutrition standards for all food and beverages

- Purchased or subsidized with government funds
- Served or sold by government agencies either directly by the government itself or through private vendors or caterers



Promote Core Nutrition Standards

- * Trans-fat
- Sugar-sweetened beverages
- Sodium Sugar Saturated fat
- Fruit and vegetables Whole grains



Government Settings

- Hospitals
- Schools
- Childcare centers
- Military bases
- Prisons
- Public parks and community centers
- Senior programs

Government Retail Outlets

- Cafeterias/Canteens
- Vending machines
- Kiosks, tuck shops

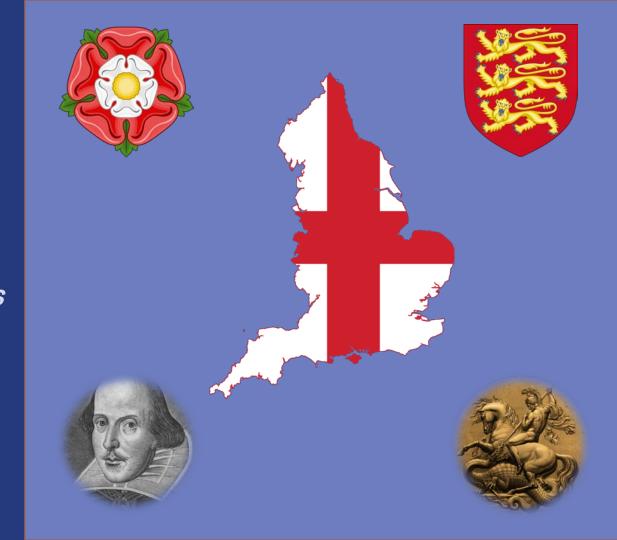
10 Lessons from Our First 2½ Years

- 1 Intense interest from countries: Don't need convincing, need partnership, technical support, funds
- World Health Organization: Branding/ reputation key, implementation often delayed
- World Bank: Funding key, spending is difficult
- 4 Resolve is doing more direct implementation and sub-granting with a wider range of partners than anticipated
- Donor flexibility has been crucial for rapid progress

- In-country teams essential for rapid progress and to build capacity
- For sodium reduction and blood pressure treatment, industry engagement has so far been unfruitful
- We can accelerate progress, but there are partner, country, and topical speed limits
- Prototyping is powerful and has helped build a revolutionary digital tool for blood pressure treatment and has potential for other areas
- Improving hypertension treatment requires and facilitates improved primary health care

ENGLAND

A Tale of Two Countries in CVD Prevention

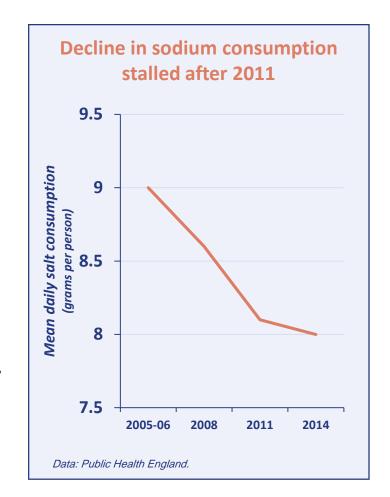


Progress

- Legacy of John Snow
 father of modern epidemiology
- Dawson INTERIM Report, 1920 outlined role and structure of future NHS
 - Recognized importance of primary care and team-based care
- NHS—a national treasure
 - Model for many country health systems
 - Most valued national institution
- University of Oxford, Imperial College and others impressive work on CVD
- Pioneer in sodium reduction NYC and others sought guidance from England

Unfinished Business

- Universal access to healthcare hasn't translated to high rates of hypertension control or optimal other cardiovascular prevention
- Despite strong tobacco control polices, 6 million people continue to use tobacco
- Stall in sodium reduction after initial progress appears to have resulted in thousands of additional heart attacks and strokes each year
- Unfinished business of complete trans fat elimination





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