Combating CVD through the NHS Health Check programme

Local authority - Somerset







What the evidence tells us

One in ten people continue to live with CVD1. It is the second biggest cause of death in England with 200 people dving each day from a heart attack or stroke². Every day there are over 1200 admissions to accident and emergency because of heart problems³ and 290 as a result of cerebrovascular problems.



What is the NHS Health Check programme?

The NHS Health Check is a national programme that systematically measures a range of risk factors driving the burden of CVD and other noncommunicable diseases such as dementia. respiratory disease and some cancers.

2. Disease detection, 2013 – 20188,*,**



Improving CVD outcomes

National research shows that the programme is cost effective, can prevent illness and has the potential to save 250 - 500 lives each year across England^{4,5}. It also shows that there is equitable take up of checks among high CVD risk groups and prioritising these groups is cost effective⁶.

1. Current activity, 2013 - 2018^{7,*}

Number of people invited for an NHS Health Check

67.625

Number of people who have had an NHS Health Check

41.008

Number of people still to benefit from an NHS Health Check

127,889

CVD risk

Estimated number of people that could be diagnosed 4,240 with hypertension following a NHS Health Check

Hypertension

Estimated number of people that could be identified 21,190 with a CVD risk score >20% following an NHS Health Check

3. Medication. 2013 - 2018^{9,*,**}

Estimated number of people at high risk of CVD that could be prescribed a statin following an NHS Health Check

4.090

Estimated number of people at high risk of CVD that could be prescribed an antihypertensive following an NHS Health Check

1.860

Footnotes:

www.bhf.org.uk/healthcare-professionals/bp-how-can-we-do-better

² Office for national statistics. Death registrations summary tables – England and Wales, 2015

³ NHS Digital. Accident and emergency attendances in England 2014-15

⁴ http://dx.doi.org/10.1136/bmjopen-2015-008840

⁵ http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ypmed.2015.05.022

⁶ http://www.healthcheck.nhs.uk/document.php?o=1293

For more information on activity go to www.healthchecks.nhs.uk

⁸ Disease rates calculated using the findings from www.healthcheck.nhs.uk/document.php?o=1251

Medication rates calculated using the findings from www.healthcheck.nhs.uk/document.php?o=1251

^{*} Data in tables 1, 2 and 3 is based on local authority activity for 2013-2017

^{**} Data in tables 2 and 3 is calculated using a take up rate of 75%